

Whig and Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE PROPRIETORS.

Wm H. Wheeler, Editor.

FRIDAY, NOV. 1, 1861.

THE CIRCULATION

of this

Whig and Courier

11 DOUBLE

That of any other Daily Paper in Maine.

East of Portland.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1845

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

For one square (of 10 lines) of text

the first week \$1.00

For each week thereafter

For half square three times

For one square in weekly three times

For each week a continuation

SPECIAL NOTICES:

\$2.00 per square for first week—\$1.00 per square

Double Column Advertisements inserted at

the rate of "Special Notices."

Advertisements where the time of insertion is

not specially designated, will be continued until

otherwise ordered.

How the Press Exerts an Evil Influence.

A war between the United States and England

would be at this time an especial calamity to

both countries. Not only would it have a

direct effect upon the cause of liberal princi-

ples and human advancement in the world, by

aiding the Southern rebellion; but the breaking

down of Republican institutions that it would

destroy the commerce and the business prosper-

ity of both nations and bring untold suffering

upon the people. The interests of the British

and American people are essentially the

same. They are to maintain popular rights and

to resist the encroachments of despotism which

or that despotism is in the form of an irrespon-

sible monarchy or of an aristocratic oligarchy.

Both forms of despotism are equally hostile to

the advancement and prosperity of the masses.

The English Government has been for many

years growing more liberal in its administration.

The ruling and lower classes have been

securing a greater degree of strength and influ-

ence in the Parliament, until so much of the

manufacturing, commercial and agricultural

classes are now the controlling power. The form

of government is monarchial. The govern-

ment itself, until comparatively a few

years, has in fact been aristocratic—the nobility

ruling both the crown and the people. But, under

the influence of a growing confidence and of

our American example of free government and

the great strides in prosperity which our

country has made under such institutions, the power

of England has been gradually passing away

from both crown and nobility and becoming

substantially vested in the people. In this con-

dition of things it is most assuredly for the in-

terest of the people in England that the experi-

ment of Free Government in America should not

fail. The cause of liberty throughout Europe

would fall with it, and despotism as one form or

another would again reign throughout the world.

We do not believe, therefore, that the English

people do not wish for our Government. There

is danger, nevertheless, that it may be brought

about by mutual misunderstanding and misrepresen-

tation—arrogance and recrimination by the

press. Public opinion is scarcely less power-

ful in England than in this country, and the

newspaper press is the most efficient organ

in moulding that opinion, there as well as here.

We therefore earnestly deprecate the hostile to

to one of our American journals at the present

time, as leading to produce a most unwholesome

state of feeling in our own country, and among

the British people both in the provinces and

the mother country. Any showing this we

copy the following from the St. John Courier

England and the North.

Under the above caption we find an article

in which the St. John Courier is guilty of the

same fault which we have just pointed out in

the St. John Courier. It is an article in which

the St. John Courier is guilty of the same

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Admiral. Contrary to the Maine Second.

A distinguished gentleman residing in Washing-

ton, in a business letter to one of our citizens,

thus speaks: "At McCall's last cavalry and

artillery review, I saw Col. Roberts and Var-

ney. They are two of the most gallant looking

young officers who ride in the line of our army.

All Maine men have great confidence in them.

Their regiment (whose numbers are not large)

is allowed to be the only one which distinguished

itself (in the right direction) at Bull Run. I

know it to be the best regiment in the army."

"Wyman B. S. Moor, it is said, has obtained

from a War Department, a large order for

hats, to be delivered at Washington at \$22 min-

imum, and requires the market price above that.

The Government takes the risk of caprice on the

voyage.

Dr. LATHAM. The Doctor, who has been

eminently successful in treating diseases of the

eye and ear, and his patients are ready to testi-

fy, is still stopping at the Bangor House and

will remain in this city a short time longer.

Among the number of his extraordinary cures,

the Doctor has a certificate from Mr. Joseph

Bishop of Leeds, Mass., who is 89 years of age

and has been deaf for thirty years. He was en-

tirely restored to his hearing after being under

the Doctor's treatment for a short time, and

says he feels "like a young man again." Those

afflicted will be the gainers by calling on Dr.

Latham.

"We are indebted to Mr. J. S. Rowe for

California papers received by the last mail.

New Company from the Maine Second.

We learn that in consequence of the small num-

ber of men remaining in the ranks of company

1, (Grattan Guards), the officers have been per-

mitted to resign and the company is disbanded,

and a new company is to be raised here to take

its place. The enlistments will be made by D.

White, Jr., John D. Conkey and John M. Sher-

wood. See advertisement.

Some soundest part is a marriage notice

last week from the western part of the State

which we were somewhat suspicious, although

it had what purported to be a clergyman's sig-

nature. Upon inquiry we ascertained it to be

false notice, with a forged signature. The press

has been victimized quite enough in this way,

and we intend to find out the perpetrator

in this instance if possible. Forgery is not a

light crime in the eye of the law.

The Bates Mill No. 1 at Lewiston, employ-

ing mostly on tent cloth for the government,

runs from 4 o'clock in the morning till 11

o'clock in the evening, and is now in the hands

of one of our citizens, J. A. K., and leaves at 11

P. M. when the other set takes their place and

works till 11 o'clock at night.

The Little Boatman. Although this regu-

lar is its complete and complete present

the state of all of them are not yet full, and

thought that the regiment will be complete and

ready to march the first of week after next.

—Augusta Eye.

From the Tenth Regiment—Their escort of

Col. Marshall's Remains. A writer from the

Tenth, at Baltimore, to the Portland Advertiser

says:

It becomes our sad duty this morning to

escort the remains of the late Col. Marshall

of the Seventh Maine, to the depot which was

done by our entire regiment—the Seventh hav-

ing yesterday for Washington the gallant

Major. The Tenth, however, has its regiment was

passing the house in which he

was a mournful day and as the sweet

and strains of Pleyel's hymn floated upon the

morning air, and the tears stealing down

many a manly cheek.

We are expecting orders from Washington

Rebel Prisoners taken to Boston.—No Order for Fremont's Removal has been issued.—The Naval Expedition.—Story of Abandoning Secretary at Bosh.—The Expedition of the Fleet known at Old Point.—More Arms Received from Europe.

New York, 20th.
A steamer today took all the rebel prisoners at the different forts, and started for Boston with them.

Philadelphia, 20th.
Eben Lane, the last of Jeff Davis's private, was acquitted on the ground that, being the owner of the slave, he was not responsible for his actions. He had delayed her progress, but preventing her arrival at a rebel port because to six teen days the vessel made only 200 miles. Lane alleges that he sailed during the night, and south during the day.

Washington, 20th.
The rebel steamer George Page has gone far up the mouth of the Potomac Creek as it was, but it is not half a mile from the river and apparently aground, and will require high tide to float her.

The rebel batteries were opened on the Mary land shore yesterday, and it is not a late hour last night, but without damage to any side on our side.

New York, 20th.
Special Washington dispatches state that there is no truth in the reports of the intended removal of General McClellan and Scott, also, that there has been no order for the removal of Gen. Fremont.

Gen. McClellan complains that the copying clerks in the War Department have given new paper reporters copies of military orders issued from his headquarters. But the evil will be corrected.

A letter from Commodore Dupont, dated Sunday evening, makes no mention of the robbery of his private instructions, maps, &c.

New York, 21st.
The Tribune states that its correspondent has good reason to believe that the story of the abandonment of Commodore Dupont's private papers was put in circulation by an enemy of Dupont and a foe to the Government. It says the report was entirely unfounded.

The Tribune's Washington despatches state that the rebel pickets at Falmouth Ferry, Maryland, to our side, killed and wounded amounted to 350, and stated that our wounded captured were placed in the hospital with their own wounded. They also stated that there were now between 30,000 and 40,000 men from Manassas in Leeburg and vicinity, who were to return, however, as they were not wanted there. They called on troops for not reaching to Leeburg Tuesday.

E. A. Raymond of Boston has been appointed and de Camp to Gen. McClellan.

The Navy Department recently ordered 6000 rided cannon.

The Herald's Washington despatch says that the President informed certain Senators yesterday that the responsibility of a forward movement of the army was left with Gen. McClellan and that the Executive will sustain him whatever his determination may be.

The property of several 1st and 2nd regiments of Washington who are serving in the rebel army, is to be confiscated immediately.

It is evident that our outer line of pickets are very low down in the management of their lines as late dates from the rebel pickets, continue to be received through our own channels, and the accessibility of Washington are usually well posted in the movements of these Southern fronts.

There are no fortifications in the vicinity of Fairfax village. One or two rebel picket regiments are at Centerville, but the main body of the rebels are at Manassas.

Fortress Monroe, 20th.
The destination of the fleet is known at Old Point, and can be safely recaptured by Saturday next.

One of the tugs returned today the captain reporting that his vessel could not stand the heavy sea on the Cape.

Forty coal barges came on yesterday from Gloucester opposite Yorktown, who report great suffering there from want and sickness.

New York, 21st.
The Arago from South America brought 17 packages of arms and 10 packages containing equipments and clothing consigned to a collector, Bunney F. Quartermain General Meigs. The whole are the property arms, equipments and clothing for 12,000 men.

The jury in the Savannah pirate case being unable to agree, were discharged this morning.

Appointments Lt. Colonel Varney of the Second Maine has been appointed Colonel of the Seventh, to fill the vacancy made by the death of Col. J. H. Marshall. The statement that Capt. Mason was appointed, was an error. (Col. Varney is one of the most popular officers from this State, and with the experience already attained, will make an admirable officer.

ALL QUIET LONG THE ENTIRE LINE.

A Large Number of Rebel Flat Boats at Onocogan.

All Letters of Field and Staff Officers to be Forwarded Without Prepayment.

A BROOKLYN MERCHANT VISITS GENERAL BEAUREGARD.

Cheering News from Kentucky.

FROM MISSOURI.

Gen. Fremont Enters Springfield.

ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF HIS ARMY.

REPORTED DEFEAT OF PRIOR'S REAR GUARD.

From the Upper Potomac.

Accounts by telegraph to 4 o'clock this afternoon, report all quiet on the entire line of the Potomac.

A reconnaissance was made yesterday by Gen. Hooker and staff, accompanied by a squad of Irishmen, along the shore of the Potomac, about 40 miles from Washington, where they were met by a rebel battery on the Virginia side. One of the shots fell short, another went over them.

To say the pickets of Gen. Wadsworth captured a private of a South Carolina regiment, about three miles beyond Falls Church.

There seems to be no doubt that the rebels have a large number of flat boats at Onocogan Creek, manufactured at Frederickburg, designed for crossing the Potomac.

Washington, 21st.
The following order was issued from the Post Office Department today.

The Post Master General orders that all letters by any acting field or staff officer in the service of the United States, shall be forwarded in plain without prepayment of postage, in accordance with the provisions of the 11th section of the act to employ volunteers, No. approved July 21st, 1861.

T. P. TROTTER, Chief Clerk.
The election order for the House of Representatives, has been awarded to Phillips & Solomon, Latham Bros. & Taylor.

There has been no arrivals from the lower Potomac today.

The Cour de Louis started down the Potomac tonight with coal for the fleet.

The following additional non-commissioned officers have been promoted to 2d Lieutenant: Arthur Benjamin Major Philites, Quartermaster Sergeant Frederick B. Brown, Sergeant Henry B. Brown, Sergeant J. D. James, P. Gallows, Thaddeus S. Kirkland and James McCormick, all of the 18th Infantry. Sergeant Robert L. King and James R. Sample of the 11th Infantry. They remain in these regiments.

Washington, 21st.
The Secretary of the Treasury has recommended three-year bonds in satisfaction of certificates received at the Department yesterday. Hereafter there will be no delay in subscribers receiving proper receipts.

When Mr. Chase assumed the duties of Secretary, he found that of \$8,000,000 of bonds requested more than a month previously, about \$3,000,000 had been issued, and those large ones bonds.

The blank certificates for all denominations of three-year bonds and United States notes complete, were purchased about 10th September, and which time nearly \$40,000,000 have been prepared. All blank bonds will be supplied in a very few days in the meantime daily receipts will be issued as they come in.

New York, 21st.
Special Washington dispatches state that a petition is circulating in Washington, appealing to the Government to furnish fuel to the people at reasonable rates.

Gen. Lane has sent for a major and minor corps, but was refused by the Government as he is in commission only by the State authority.

THE BELLHORE AMERICAN OF TODAY CONTAINS AN ACCOUNT OF A VISIT BY MR. BROWNELL, A MERCHANT OF BROOKLYN, WITH BEAUREGARD.

According to the report, Mr. Brownell, a merchant of Brooklyn, with Beaurgard at the headquarters of the rebel army, on Wednesday of last week, and conversed socially with him. During the day Beaurgard reviewed 15,000 men of Johnston's command. The scene was an imposing one, and was cheered with the loudest enthusiasm. Beaurgard stated that as far as he was concerned, he proposed to cut entirely in the distance, and was satisfied of a success of the Federal force whenever they made an advance of any importance. He warmly denied that plans were presented from leaving the State of Virginia.

Johnson City, 30.
Special to St. Louis Democrat.—
The complaints entered into with the rebels in Callaway County does not include the head of robbers that plundered James S. Ballin's premises a few days ago. They will be summarily dealt with. Other measures besides the compromise will be taken by Gen. Fremont to preserve quiet in the rebel country.

A detachment of Col. Leggett's regiment, under Captain Hooper, day before yesterday, broke up a small camp of rebels at East Prairie, capturing a lot of arms and their camp equipment. Intelligence reached here that Gen. Sigel had attacked and defeated Press near Grant at Ballwin and took many prisoners. This, however, can only be true in part, as Sigel's army was in Springfield, Mo. If a fight has occurred at or near Ballwin it must have been with some force belonging to Abbott's division.

Gen. Fremont has gone on another secret expedition from here.

New York, 31.
The Express states that the police are now charged with the duty of examining all persons embarking for foreign countries, none being allowed to leave without passports.

The ship J. W. Dyer was seized today by the Government.

San Francisco, 28.
Arrived at San Francisco on the 28th, whaler Dartmouth, south Pacific, with 600 bbls of oil, about 20,000 sacks of wheat, in good condition. Was saved from the ship Winged Racer. The balance of the cargo was damaged.

Danvers, 29th.
A snow was found Sunday, falling down the Platte, containing 31 guns, with fixed bayonets, 12 haversacks and 8 knapsacks. From certain indications, it is believed it was the principal boat used for the transportation of Gen. Baker's command to the Virgin shore which went down loaded with dead and wounded. It is inferred that the bodies of the soldiers were so numerous and so badly preserved that they could not be buried, and the bodies were floated down the river to intercept any bodies which may float down.

New York, 31.
Flour advanced 5 cents 19 500—500 Stalks 5 50 a 5 80 extra 5 75 a 5 85, choice at 6 35 round hoop Ohio 6 00 a 6 05, superfine was term 5 75 a 6 00 Southern—sales 14 00—traded to good 5 80 a 6 40, fancy and extra 5 90 a 8 75 Canadian—sales 12 00—superfine 5 50 a 6 00, extra 5 80 a 5 95.

Wheat advanced 1 1/2 cents
Corn advanced 1 1/2—sales 130,000—mixed western 51 a 55
Sugar quiet—sales 450 bbls Muscovado at 8 a 8 1/2, 400 bbls Havanna at 11
Coffee—sales 184 a 15 1/2

New York, 31st.
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Gen. Lane has sent for a major and minor corps, but was refused by the Government as he is in commission only by the State authority.

Private advices from Kentucky are encouraging, and the rebels are said to be falling back hopelessly—what does not agree with the representations of Gen. Thomas.

The Naval Expedition sailed with only verbal orders.

It is stated that the jury in the pirate case, stood 4 for conviction, to 4 for acquittal.

Washington, 21st.
The 25th regiment, Col. Upton, left at 4 o'clock this afternoon, for the South.

Over Iron, Springfield, Mo. 28.
A special despatch to the St. Louis Republic says that Gen. Fremont and Sigel arrived here yesterday, and the Boston soldiers, Colonel Carr's Cavalry, Major McIntosh's sharpshooters, and Gen. Sigel's command at different points, during the day. They found no organized rebel army. One troop were repulsed with slight loss. Sixty and thirty were captured from rebel houses, and men, women and children were sent to the rear.

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A snow was found Sunday, falling down the Platte, containing 31 guns, with fixed bayonets, 12 haversacks and 8 knapsacks. From certain indications, it is believed it was the principal boat used for the transportation of Gen. Baker's command to the Virgin shore which went down loaded with dead and wounded. It is inferred that the bodies of the soldiers were so numerous and so badly preserved that they could not be buried, and the bodies were floated down the river to intercept any bodies which may float down.

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Flour advanced 5 cents 19 500—500 Stalks 5 50 a 5 80 extra 5 75 a 5 85, choice at 6 35 round hoop Ohio 6 00 a 6 05, superfine was term 5 75 a 6 00 Southern—sales 14 00—traded to good 5 80 a 6 40, fancy and extra 5 90 a 8 75 Canadian—sales 12 00—superfine 5 50 a 6 00, extra 5 80 a 5 95.

Wheat advanced 1 1/2 cents
Corn advanced 1 1/2—sales 130,000—mixed western 51 a 55
Sugar quiet—sales 450 bbls Muscovado at 8 a 8 1/2, 400 bbls Havanna at 11
Coffee—sales 184 a 15 1/2

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The following additional non-commissioned officers have been promoted to 2d Lieutenant: Arthur Benjamin Major Philites, Quartermaster Sergeant Frederick B. Brown, Sergeant Henry B. Brown, Sergeant J. D. James, P. Gallows, Thaddeus S. Kirkland and James McCormick, all of the 18th Infantry. Sergeant Robert L. King and James R. Sample of the 11th Infantry. They remain in these regiments.

Washington, 21st.
The Secretary of the Treasury has recommended three-year bonds in satisfaction of certificates received at the Department yesterday. Hereafter there will be no delay in subscribers receiving proper receipts.

When Mr. Chase assumed the duties of Secretary, he found that of \$8,000,000 of bonds requested more than a month previously, about \$3,000,000 had been issued, and those large ones bonds.

The blank certificates for all denominations of three-year bonds and United States notes complete, were purchased about 10th September, and which time nearly \$40,000,000 have been prepared. All blank bonds will be supplied in a very few days in the meantime daily receipts will be issued as they come in.

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Special Washington dispatches state that a petition is circulating in Washington, appealing to the Government to furnish fuel to the people at reasonable rates.

Gen. Lane has sent for a major and minor corps, but was refused by the Government as he is in commission only by the State authority.

Private advices from Kentucky are encouraging, and the rebels are said to be falling back hopelessly—what does not agree with the representations of Gen. Thomas.

The Naval Expedition sailed with only verbal orders.

It is stated that the jury in the pirate case, stood 4 for conviction, to 4 for acquittal.

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The 25th regiment, Col. Upton, left at 4 o'clock this afternoon, for the South.

Over Iron, Springfield, Mo. 28.
A special despatch to the St. Louis Republic says that Gen. Fremont and Sigel arrived here yesterday, and the Boston soldiers, Colonel Carr's Cavalry, Major McIntosh's sharpshooters, and Gen. Sigel's command at different points, during the day. They found no organized rebel army. One troop were repulsed with slight loss. Sixty and thirty were captured from rebel houses, and men, women and children were sent to the rear.

THE BELLHORE AMERICAN OF TODAY CONTAINS AN ACCOUNT OF A VISIT BY MR. BROWNELL, A MERCHANT OF BROOKLYN, WITH BEAUREGARD.

According to the report, Mr. Brownell, a merchant of Brooklyn, with Beaurgard at the headquarters of the rebel army, on Wednesday of last week, and conversed socially with him. During the day Beaurgard reviewed 15,000 men of Johnston's command. The scene was an imposing one, and was cheered with the loudest enthusiasm. Beaurgard stated that as far as he was concerned, he proposed to cut entirely in the distance, and was satisfied of a success of the Federal force whenever they made an advance of any importance. He warmly denied that plans were presented from leaving the State of Virginia.

Johnson City, 30.
Special to St. Louis Democrat.—
The complaints entered into with the rebels in Callaway County does not include the head of robbers that plundered James S. Ballin's premises a few days ago. They will be summarily dealt with. Other measures besides the compromise will be taken by Gen. Fremont to preserve quiet in the rebel country.

A detachment of Col. Leggett's regiment, under Captain Hooper, day before yesterday, broke up a small camp of rebels at East Prairie, capturing a lot of arms and their camp equipment. Intelligence reached here that Gen. Sigel had attacked and defeated Press near Grant at Ballwin and took many prisoners. This, however, can only be true in part, as Sigel's army was in Springfield, Mo. If a fight has occurred at or near Ballwin it must have been with some force belonging to Abbott's division.

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